## BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC NAM CẦN THƠ



# GIÁO TRÌNH DẪN LUẬN NGÔN NGỮ

Ngành: Ngôn Ngữ Anh

LÊ TRUNG KIÊN Thạc Sĩ

Cần Thơ, tháng 05 năm 2024

### BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC NAM CẦN THƠ

## GIÁO TRÌNH DẪN LUẬN NGÔN NGỮ

Ngành: Ngôn Ngữ Anh

CHỦ BIÊN: THS. LÊ TRUNG KIÊN

THÀNH VIÊN BIÊN SOẠN: THS. NGUYỄN THỊ MỸ HOA

Cần Thơ, tháng 05 năm 2024

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

| CHAPTER 1 WHAT IS LANGUAGE?                            | 1      |
|--|--------|
| 1. LINGUISTIC KNOWLEDGE                                | 1      |
| 2. LINGUISTIC KNOWLEDGE AND PERFORMANCE                | 6      |
| 3. WHAT IS GRAMMAR?                                    | 7      |
| 4. LANGUAGE UNIVERSALS                                 | 10     |
| 5. THE DEVELOPMENT OF GRAMMAR                          | 11     |
| 6. WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT HUMAN LANGUAGE                   | 12     |
| 7. SIGN LANGUAGES: EVIDENCE FOR THE INNATENESS OF LANG | UAGE14 |
| 8. ANIMAL "LANGUAGES"                                  | 16     |
| CHAPTER 2 MORPHOLOGY: THE WORDS OF LANGUAGE            | 22     |
| 1. DICTIONARIES  | 23     |
| 2. CONTENT WORDS AND FUNCTION WORDS                    | 23     |
| 3. MORPHEMES: THE MINIMAL UNITS OF MEANING             | 25     |
| 4. RULES OF WORD FORMATION                             | 32     |
| 5. OTHER MORPHOLOGICAL PROCESSES                       | 42     |
| 6. MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS: IDENTIFYING MORPHEMES       | 47     |
| CHAPTER 3 SYNTAX – THE SENTENCE PATTERNS OF LANGUAGE   | 52     |
| 1. WHAT THE SYNTAX RULES DO                            | 52     |
| 2. WHAT GRAMMATICALITY IS NOT BASED ON                 | 56     |
| 3. SENTENCE STRUCTURE                                  | 58     |
| 4. CONSTITUENTS AND CONSTITUENT TESTS                  | 59     |
| 5. SYNTACTIC CATEGORIES                                | 61     |
| 6. PHRASE STRUCTURE TREES AND RULES                    | 64     |
| 7. HEADS AND COMPLEMENTS                               | 70     |
| CHAPTER 4 THE MEANING OF LANGUAGE                      | 73     |
| 1. WHAT SPEAKERS KNOW ABOUT SENTENCE MEANING           | 74     |
| 2. COMPOSITIONAL SEMANTICS                             | 76     |
| 3 WHEN COMPOSITIONALITY GOES AWRY                      |        |

| 4. LEXICAL SEMANTICS (WORD MEANINGS)                | 85  |
|---|-----|
| 5. PRAGMATICS                                       | 92  |
| CHAPTER 5 PHONOLOGY                                 | 101 |
| 1. THE TERM OF PHONOLOGY                            | 101 |
| 2. MORPHEMES  | 102 |
| 3. PHONEMES: THE PHONOLOGICAL UNITS OF LANGUAGE     | 105 |
| 4. THE RULES OF PHONOLOGY                           | 113 |
| 5. PROSODIC PHONOLOGY                               | 122 |
| CHAPTER 6 PHONETICS                                 | 127 |
| 1. IDENTITY OF SPEECH SOUNDS                        | 127 |
| 2. THE PHONETIC ALPHABET                            | 128 |
| 3. ARTICULATORY PHONETICS                           | 131 |
| 4. PHONETIC SYMBOLS FOR AMERICAN ENGLISH CONSONANTS | 136 |
| 5. VOWELS   | 138 |
| 6. MAJOR PHONETIC CLASSES                           | 145 |
| REFERENCES  | 151 |

#### **PREFACE**

"An introduction to language" is a material aimed to provide students with knowledge regarding language in general and English in detail. In particular, there are 6 chapters presented in it, namely "What is language?" (Chapter 1), "Morphology: the words of language" (Chapter 2), "Syntax: the sentence patterns of language" (Chapter 3), "The meaning of language" (Chapter 4), "Phonology" (Chapter 5), and Phonetics (Chapter 6).

Chapter 1 focuses on the definition of "language" and other related aspects such as "linguistic knowledge", "linguistic performance". Chapter 2 is focused on analyzing the "words", mainly giving students their step-by-step formation as well as explaining its process. Chapter 3 first aims to give an overview before continuing with detailed explanations on how sentences are formed in patterns. Chapter 4 helps students gain knowledge of the meaning of "language", which includes but is not limited to "anomalies", "metaphors" and "idioms". Finally, chapters 5 and 6 dig into the sound aspects of language, including investigating the patterns of sound system and speech sounds.

By working through this book, it is expected that students will gain general knowledge of different aspects of learning language; thus, carving a smooth path for their later acquisition of somewhat challenging related information.